Objective
The four chamber and three vessel view is essential and indispensable in the diagnosis of hypoplastic left heart syndrome (HLHS). We present a case of HLHS in 15 year old primipara who attended the antenatal clinic with abnormal cardiac scan and discuss the management.

Methods
Case report.

Results
An abnormal four chamber view, with discrepancy between a larger right and small left ventricles were seen on ultrasonographic examination. There was a dysplastic tricuspid valve. On the left side of the heart, both atrium and ventricle were smaller, with hypoplastic mitral valve. On the three vessel view, the main pulmonary artery trunk was wider for gestation and aorta could not be seen.

Conclusion
Fetal echocardiography is an important part of ultrasound screening in second trimester. The four chamber and three vessel view is essential and indispensable in HLHS. Early prenatal diagnosis is important for pregnancy counseling and the planning of postnatal procedures, which is of particular relevance in fetus with hypoplastic left heart syndrome, due to the severity of this condition and the specialized surgical treatment that is required should the pregnancy been continued after prenatal diagnosis.