

Perinatal diagnosis of chromosomal aneuploidies

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Objective

To determine the prevalence of circumstances of diagnosis of chromosomal aneuploidies.

Methods

We conducted a retrospective study in the department of neonatology of the Charles Nicolle Hospital of Tunis, over a 3 years period. We included all cases of chromosomal aneuploidies.

Results

During the study period, 50 cases of chromosomal aneuploidies were diagnosed with an incidence of 4, 3% births. The aneuploidies most commonly found were Trisomy 21, 66% (33/50) of the cases, T18 in 18% of cases (9/50) and T13 in 10% of cases (5/50). Chromosomal aneuploidiess were isolated in 72% of cases (36/50) and associated with major birth defects in 28% (14/50). The perinatal rate mortality was 32% (16/50).

Conclusion

Our study showed a high mortality rate because of a lack a antenatal diagnosis.