A case of fetal atrial flutter treated successfully by cardioversion in the postnatal period
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Objective
We aimed to present a case of fetal atrial flutter diagnosed in the 36th gestational week of pregnancy and treated successfully by cardioversion in the postnatal period.

Methods
Maternal and neonatal records of patient diagnosed fetal atrial flutter in the antenatal period was reviewed retrospectively.

Results
A 22-year-old pregnant with a history of a healthy living child born by cesarean section was referred due to fetal tachycardia diagnosed at a secondary-care healthcare institution in her routine obstetric visit during the 36th gestational week. Fetal cardiac examination revealed fetal tachycardia with heart rate between 220–240 beats per minute (bpm). The heart structure was observed normal except right atrial dilatation. M-mode for apical 4-chamber view showed long ventriculoatrial (VA) tachycardia with a ratio of 2:1 atrioventricular (AV) conduction. APGAR score 9/10, 2970 g, 49 cm male infant were delivered by cesarean section. Due to hemodynamic deterioration despite iv adenosine treatment, synchronous cardioversion were performed. After the procedure there was immediate conversion to sinus rhythm with a rate of 140 bpm were observed.

Conclusion
During the immediately postnatal period cardioversion could be carried out successfully for the treatment of atrial flutter especially arrhythmias were resistance to antiarrhythmic medication.